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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/727,543	12/05/2003	Todd A. Hall	7883.0005-07	7346

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EXAMINER

PHILOGENE, PEDRO

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3733

DATE MAILED: 09/19/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

SR

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/727,543	HALL ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Pedro Philogene	3733	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 December 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 109-189 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 109-189 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/20/06</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 109-189 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-36 of U.S. Patent No. 6,387,119. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it is clear that all the elements of claims 109-189 are to be found in claims 1-36 of the patent. The difference between claims 109-189 of the application and claims 1-36 of the patent lies in the fact that the patent claims include many more elements and are thus much more specific. Thus the invention of claims 1-36 of the patent is in effect a "species" of the "generic" invention of claims 109-189. It has been held that the generic invention is "anticipated" by the "species". See *In re Goodman*, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Since claims 109-189 are anticipated by claims 1-36 of the patent, they are not patentably distinct from claims 1-36.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 109-189 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Makower (5,830,222).

With respect to claims 109 and 148, Makower discloses a method of bypassing a blockage in a coronary vessel, comprising creating a channel extending at least partially by advancing a needle (5) through the heart wall from a location substantially proximal to the blockage to a location substantially distal to the blockage in the coronary vessel; as best seen in FIG. 12; advancing a guide wire (28) through the channel (36) or needle (5), advancing an implant (41) over the guide wire into the channel; as best seen in FIG.4; and positioning the implant such that blood flows through the implant and into the coronary vessel distal to the blockage; as set forth in column 3, lines 46-67; column 4, lines 40-65, column 8, lines 24-67, column 9, lines 37-67.

With respect to claims 110-147, 149-189, Makower discloses all the limitations; as set forth in column 3, lines 46-67; column 4, lines 40-65, column 8, lines 24-67, column 9, lines 37-67, column 9, lines 14-67, column 10, lines 1-67, and as best seen in FIGS.1-29.

Claims 109-189 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Goldstein et al (5,976,178).

With respect to claims 109 and 148, Goldstein et al disclose a method of bypassing a blockage in a coronary vessel (abstract), comprising creating a channel (12) extending at least partially by advancing a needle (100) through the heart wall from a location substantially proximal to the blockage to a location substantially distal to the blockage in the coronary vessel; as best seen in FIGS. 1,2; advancing a guide wire (150) through the channel (12) or needle (100), advancing an implant (430,530,620) over the guide wire into the channel; as best seen in FIG.32; and positioning the implant such that blood flows through the implant and into the coronary vessel distal to the blockage; as set forth in column 2, lines 14-67; column 3, lines 1-5, column 6, lines 8-67, column 7, lines 25-46, column 8, lines 35-55, column 10, lines 50-61, column 16, lines 11-59, and as best seen in FIGS.1-39.

With respect to claims 110-147, 149-189, Goldstein et al disclose all the limitations; as set forth in column 2, lines 14-67; column 3, lines 1-5, column 6, lines 8-67, column 7, lines 25-46, column 8, lines 35-55, column 10, lines 50-61, column 16, lines 11-59, and as best seen in FIGS.1-39.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

5,429,144

7-1995


Wilk

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pedro Philogene whose telephone number is (571) 272-4716. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on (571) 272 - 4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Pedro Philogene
September 15, 2006


PEDRO PHILOGENE
PRIMARY EXAMINER